



Indigenous Herbal Research and Anti-Cancer Potential

Researchers from Nagaland University, Berhampur University and Saveetha Medical College have identified a traditional herbal formulation used by the Konyak tribe for its potential anti-cancer properties. The study highlights the scientific value of indigenous knowledge.

The five-plant formulation was found to target VEGFR2, a key protein responsible for tumour blood vessel growth. This finding opens avenues for drug development while emphasising the importance of preserving tribal medicinal practices.

APSC Relevance: Biotechnology, traditional knowledge and healthcare research.